

COMP 3021(Lab 3) : Java Debugging with Eclipse

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February.26 2016

- What is debugging?

Debugging allows you to run a program interactively while watching the source code and the variables during the execution.

By breakpoints in the source code you specify where the execution of the program should stop. To stop the execution only if a field is read or modified, you can specify watchpoints .

Breakpoints and watchpoints can be summarized as stop points.

Once the program is stopped you can investigate variables, change their content, etc.

- Debugging support in Eclipse

Eclipse allows you to start a Java program in Debug mode. Eclipse has a special Debug perspective which gives you a preconfigured set of views. In this perspective you control the execution process of your program and can investigate the state of the variables.

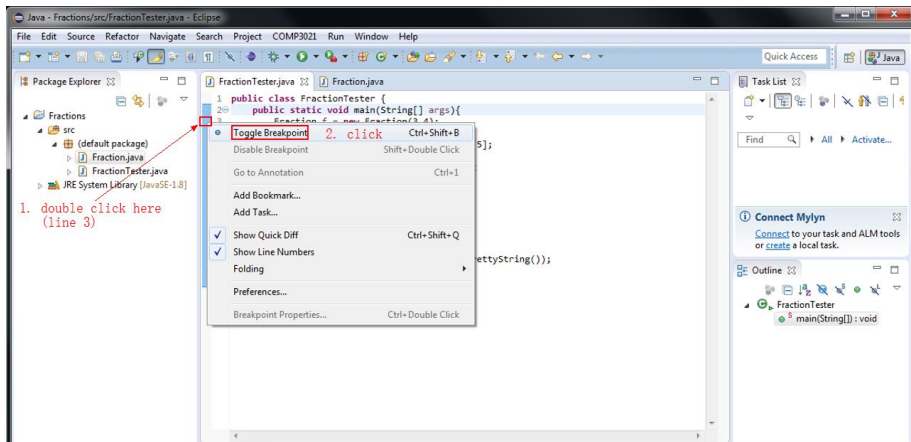
Using the Eclipse Debugger

- This tutorial is based on the YouTube Video(Using the Eclipse Debugger). For more details, you can refer to it.
Link: <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9gAjIQc4bPU>

Debugging in Eclipse

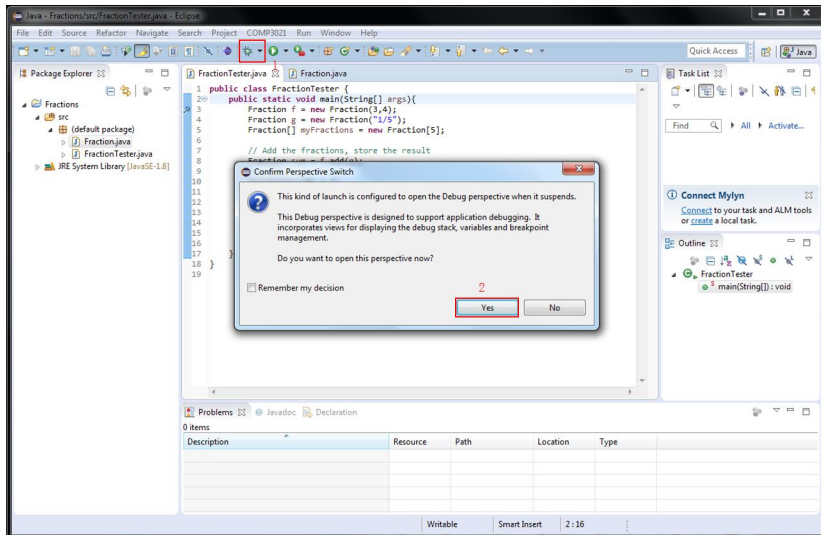
- Setting Breakpoints

To set breakpoints in your source code right-click in the small left margin in your source code editor and select Toggle Breakpoint. Alternatively you can double-click on this position.



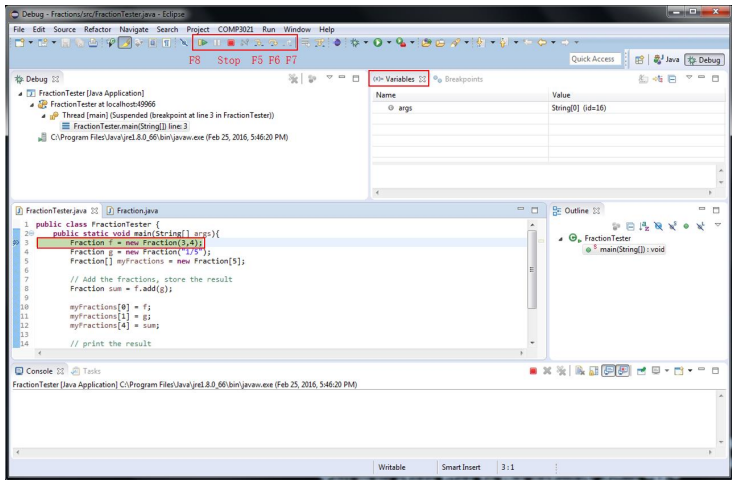
Debugging in Eclipse

- Start the debugger by click the debug icon.



Debugging in Eclipse

- Afterwards Eclipse opens this perspective, which looks similar to the following screenshot.



Debugging in Eclipse

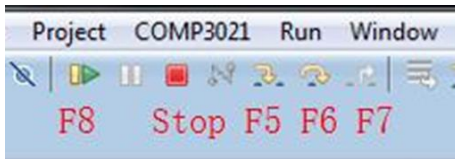
- Debugging key bindings / shortcuts

F5 – executes the currently selected line and goes to the next line in your program. If the selected line is a method call the debugger steps into the associated code.

F6 – steps over the call, i.e. it executes a method without stepping into it in the debugger.

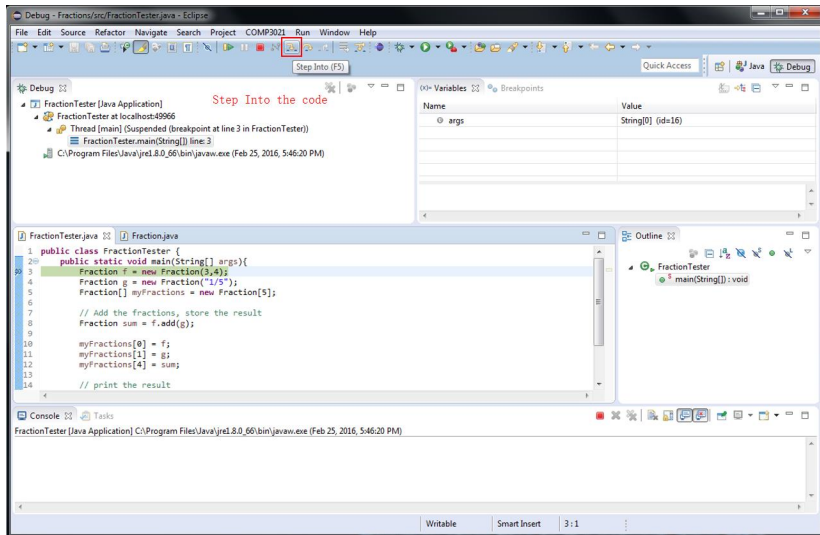
F7 – steps out to the caller of the currently executed method. This finishes the execution of the current method and returns to the caller of this method.

F8 – tells the Eclipse debugger to resume the execution of the program code until it reaches the next breakpoint or watchpoint.



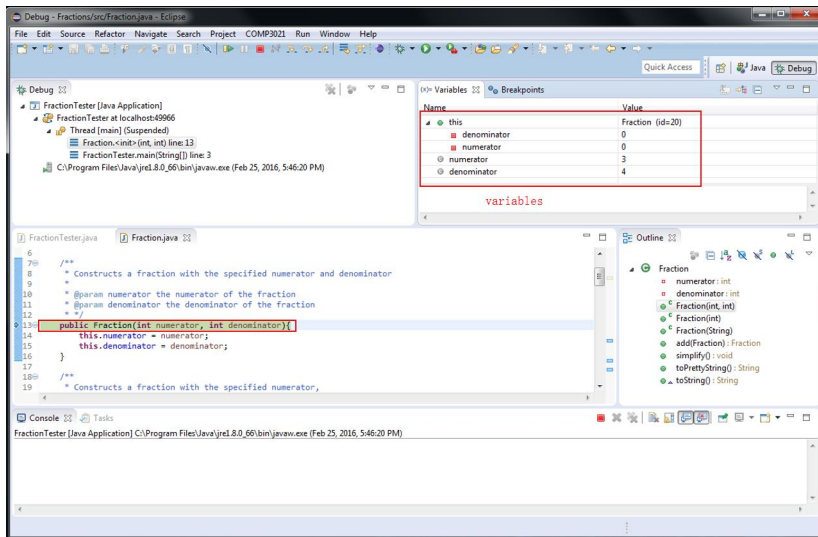
Debugging in Eclipse

- Press the icon or F5 to step into the associated code.



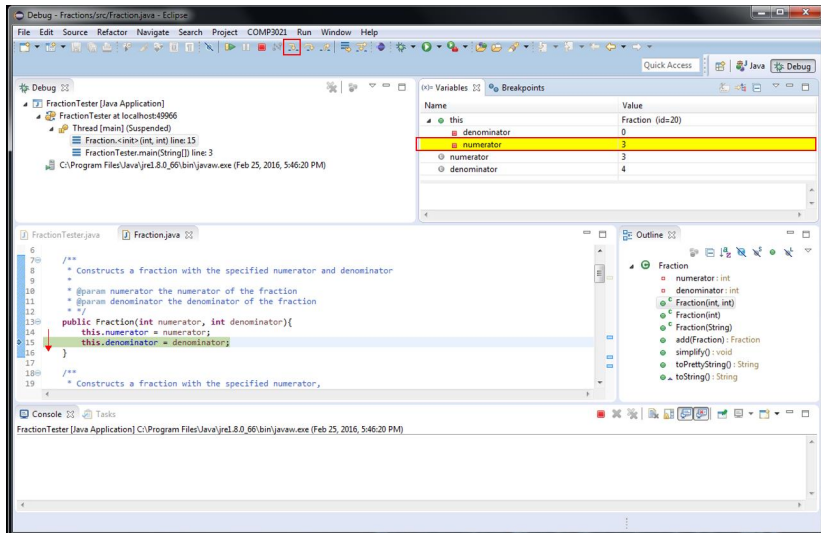
Debugging in Eclipse

- The result of Step into(F5).



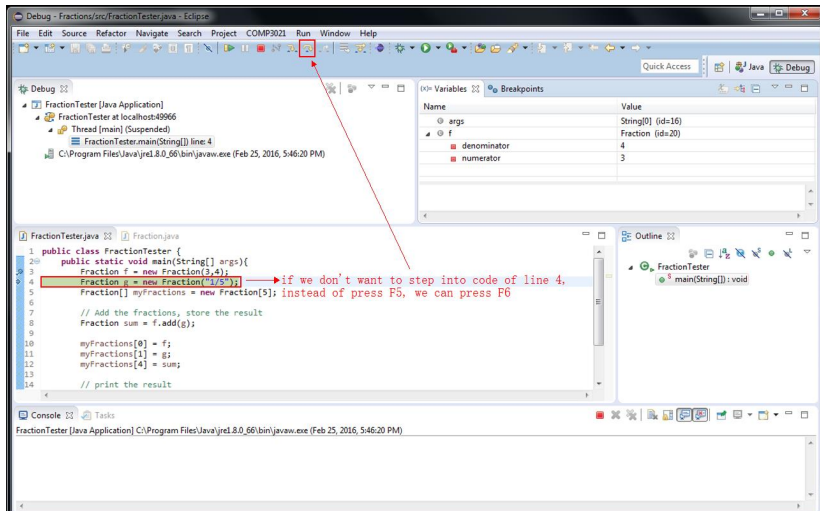
Debugging in Eclipse

- Continue to press F5, we can see the change of variables.



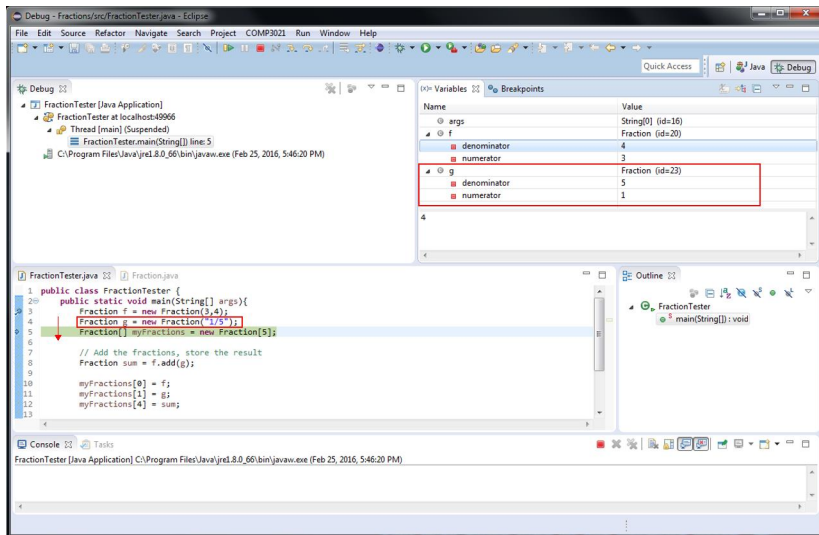
Debugging in Eclipse

- If we don't want to step into the code, we can step over the code (press F6).



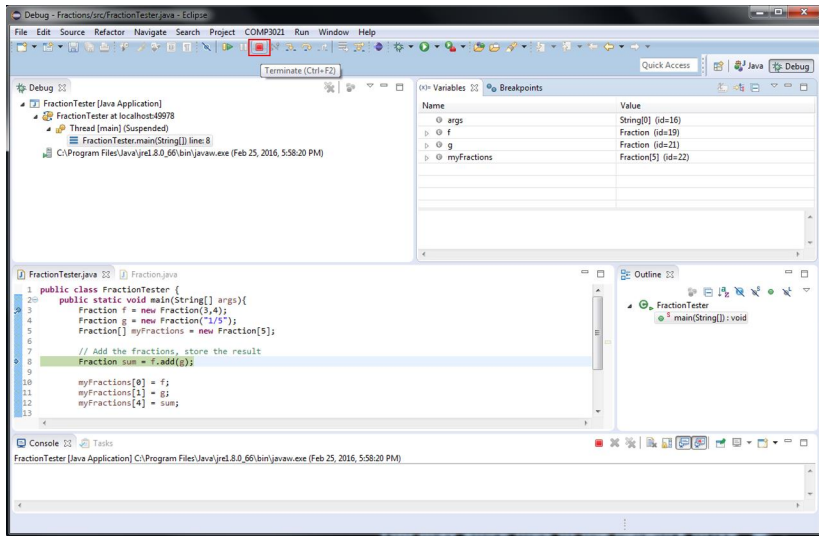
Debugging in Eclipse

- The result of step over the code (press F6).



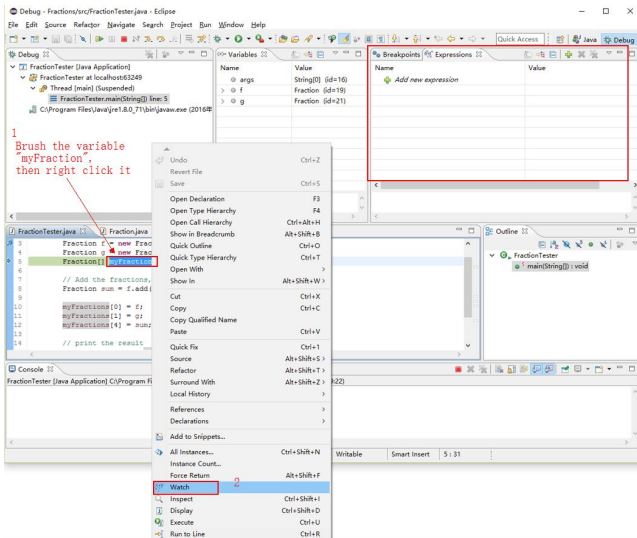
Debugging in Eclipse

- If you want to stop the debug, click the icon or (press Ctrl+F2).



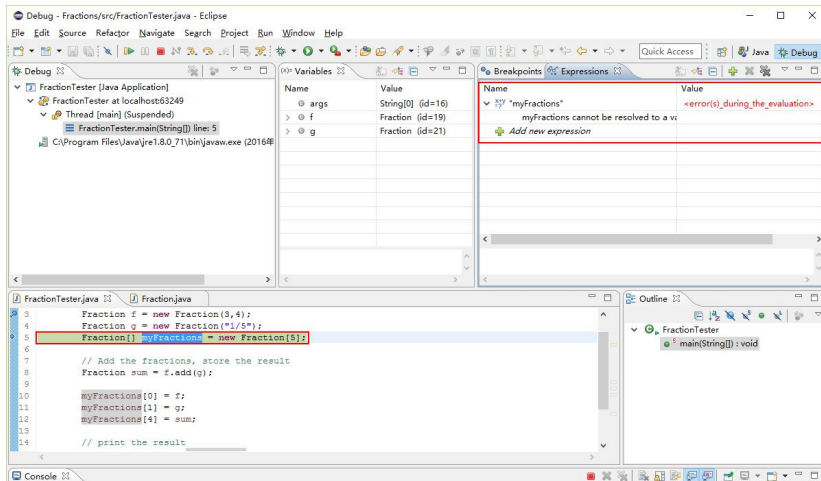
Debugging in Eclipse

- If you want to monitor variables, you can add a watch.



Debugging in Eclipse

- After adding a watch for variable "myFraction", we can see it in the Expressions window. But it is not defined right now, so it show some error value.



Debugging in Eclipse

- Press F6, we step over the code, we can see the value of "myFractoin" now, all "null".

Debug - Fractions/src/FractionTester.java - Eclipse

File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help

Quick Access Java Debug

Debug Console

FractionTester [Java Application]

↳ FractionTester at localhost:63249

↳ Thread [main] (Suspended)

FractionTester.main(String[]) line: 8

C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_71\bin\javaw.exe (2016年

Variables

Name	Value
args	String[0] (id=16)
f	Fraction (id=19)
g	Fraction (id=21)
myFractions	Fraction[5] (id=22)

Expressions

Name	Value
myFractions	(id=22)
[0]	null
[1]	null
[2]	null
[3]	null
[4]	null

Add new expression

Outline

FractionTester

main(String[]) : void

FractionTester.java

```
3 Fraction f = new Fraction(3,4);
4 Fraction g = new Fraction("1/5");
5 Fraction[] myFractions = new Fraction[5];
6
7 // Add the fractions, store the result
8 Fraction sum = f.add(g);
9
10 myFractions[0] = f;
11 myFractions[1] = g;
12 myFractions[4] = sum;
13
14 // print the result
```

Console

FractionTester [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_71\bin\javaw.exe (2016年2月25日 下午8:09:22)

Debugging in Eclipse

- After stepping over (F6) the code `myFractions[0] = f;`, we can see the change of `myFraction[0]`

Debug - Fractions/src/FractionTester.java - Eclipse

File Edit Source Refactor Navigate Search Project Run Window Help

Debug

FractionTester [Java Application]

- FractionTester at localhost:63249
 - Thread [main] (Suspended)
 - FractionTester.main(String[]) line: 11

C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_71\bin\javaw.exe (2016年2月25日 下午8:09:22)

Variables

Name	Value
args	String[0] (id=16)
f	Fraction (id=19)
g	Fraction (id=21)
myFractions	Fraction[5] (id=22)
sum	Fraction (id=25)

Expressions

Name	Value
myFractions	(id=22)
[0]	Fraction (id=19)
denominator	4
numerator	3
[1]	null
[2]	null
[3]	null
[4]	null

Add new expression

Outline

- FractionTester
 - main(String[]): void

Console

FractionTester [Java Application] C:\Program Files\Java\jre1.8.0_71\bin\javaw.exe (2016年2月25日 下午8:09:22)

```
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10 myFractions[0] = f;
11 myFractions[1] = g;
12 myFractions[4] = sum;
13
14 // print the result
```

Debugging in Eclipse

- Other useful tutorials:

1. Java Debugging with Eclipse - Tutorial

<http://www.vogella.com/tutorials/EclipseDebugging/article.html>

2. Eclipse And Java: Free Video Tutorials(Using the Debugger)

<http://eclipsetutorial.sourceforge.net/debugger.html>

3. Using the Eclipse Debugger for Beginning Programmers

<http://agile.csc.ncsu.edu/SEMaterials/tutorials/eclipse-debugger/>

The End